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STANDARD-STAR New Rochelle, New York July 25, 1962

On the average, eigaret soulsers throw, away about one-quarter of each eignet.

NEWS & COURIER Charleston, S.C. July 29, 1962

Tobacco seeds are so tiny a tablespoon will provide enough seedlings to plant four to six

John Rolfe, the man who married Pocahontas, planted and harvested this country's first commercially successful tobac-co crop in 1612.

NEWS & COURIER Charleston, S.C. July 29, 1962

WOOING THE INDIANS WOOING THE INDIANS
Lewis and Clark found tohaceo a big help in blazing the trail through Indian territory to the Pacific in 1804-06. They shared tobacco with every tribe they met, paving the way for future trading and settlements.

NEWS & COURIER Charleston, S.C. July 29, 1962

One of the strongest influences leading to westward expansion of the early tidewater colonies was the demand for new land on which to grow tobacco

A new type of automatic vend-A new type or automatic venu-ing machine handles paper mon-ey and dispenses cigarettee by the carton, it will accept \$1 and \$5 bills and coins in any com-bination up to \$9, and provides the correct change.

NEWS & COURTER Charleston, S.G. July 29, 1962

## Little Known Tobacco Facts

A Dutch scientist reports a link between lung cancer incidence and soil conditions. He found more cases of lung cancer in dusty areas, fewer cases in damp areas.

Who uses snuff today? More than 4 million of us at last count. In industry, particularly in plants where smoking is for-

bidden, snuff is very popular with workers. Farmers prefer it, with workers, Farmers prefer it, especially when working around their barns, because it will not cause fires. Miners, oil workers and forest rangers use it for much the same reason. Outdoorsmen, lumberjacks, and sthletes are great snuff fanciers; also artisans whose trades call for the almost continuous use of the hands. use of the hands.

MORNING GLOBE Boston, Mass. July 13, 1962

American Indicas domesticated and developed corn, pea-nuts, pumpkins, squash, the white potato, tobacco, coa-the sweet potato and to hand,

## SMOKERS' BURDEN

FAST TALKING

The rhythmic chant of a to-bacco auctioneer has to be fast. Auctioneers try to sell up to 400 piles of flue-cured tobacco an hour—that's nearly seven piles

a minute. A pile is usually about

The cigarette tax costs the average pack-a-day smoker \$47.45 a year, reports the Tobacco Tax Council. State cigarette taxes average 5 cents a pack, while the federal tax adds another 8 cents. Some local governments also impose a tax on cigarettes.

During his (amiliar chant, the tobacco auctioneer speaks at more than 400 words & minute. The average person speaks at about 175-200 words a minute.

Tobacco is aged at least two years before it is ready for manufacture.

> NEWS & COURIER Charleston, S.C. July 29, 1962

In colonial America, tobacco leaf was used as money to pay doctors, teachers, and clergy-men, with a marriage ceremony costing 200 pounds of tobacco, and a funeral service 400 pounds.

Tobacco products cross re-tail counters more often than anything else — except money.

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Consumers spent about \$7.5 billions for tobacco products in 1991. Of that thal, about \$3.1 billion was for federal, state and local excise taxes.

Teberco is the most heavily reparco is the most heavily taxed of all agricultural prod-ucts. About hair of what con-numers pay, on the average, for a package of cigarettes repre-sents taxes.

rissacettes from America were he only stable currency in the retail markets of Ger-many Italy and France for two years after V-E Day.

More than 2,000 blind persons help support themselves by operating tobacco stands.

Growing tobacco requires an average of 380 man-hours per acre, far more than any other agricultural crop. An acre of corn requires about ten hours, four hours for wheat.

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PRESS Pontiac, Michigan August 2, 1962

The sale of cigarettes was banned in Kansas from 1907 to 1927. Now the state takes in about \$9 million a year in taxes on tobacco sales on tobacco sales.

LOCAL NEWS West Chester, Penna. July 13, 1962

Tobacco Takes More Work NEW YORK — Growing tobac co-takes 378 man-hours per some far more than any other field crop, the Tobacco Institute re-ports. It says corn requires 10.2 man-hours and cotton 66

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PRESS Pontiac, Michigan July 26, 1962

Smoke Tax 'Sky High'

WASHINGTON: (UPI) - U. S. smokers paid enough in cigarette-taxes last year to meet the cost of the U. S. Space Agency's fiscal 1963 program, with enough funds left over to buy 40 Atlas missiles, the Tobacco Institute estimates.

STATE 1005150604 J Columbia, S.C. July 25, 1962

LOOSE-LEAF CARE URGED

CLEMSON-The future of looseleaf (blace—the nature of feese-leaf (blace—sales in South Caro-lina will depend largely, on our ful preparation and pure of tibaces for sale during a fixe-day experimental period this year.

TIMES-NEWS Hendersonville, S.C. July 14, 1962

BIG TAX PUFF

NEW YORK APP.—The U. S. government inhaled \$3.1 billion in direct cigarette taxes last year-enough to pay for the whole 1963 space program, or all state health and hospital programs, or 155,000 new \$20,000 homes, according to, the Trade publication, Tobacce

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